

AD-A085 452

DEFENSE MAPPING AGENCY HYDROGRAPHIC/ TOPOGRAPHIC CENT--ETC F/6 17/7  
A CALCULATOR PROGRAM FOR MIXING MERCATOR AND GREAT CIRCLE SAILI--ETC(U)  
SEP 80 J 6 ULRICH

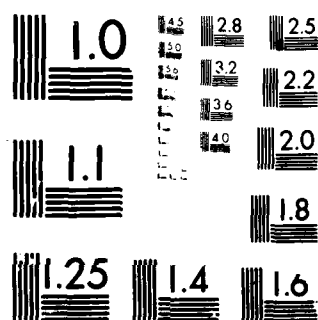
UNCLASSIFIED

NL

[ ]  
AD  
[ ]




END  
DATE  
FILMED  
7-80  
DTIC



MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART  
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE		READ INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE COMPLETING FORM
1. REPORT NUMBER First International Symposium on Ship Operations, New York, NY	2. GOVT ACCESSION NO. AD-A085 452	3. RECIPIENT'S CATALOG NUMBER
4. TITLE (and Subtitle) A Calculator Program for Mixing Mercator and Great Circle Sailings		5. TYPE OF REPORT & PERIOD COVERED N/A
6. AUTHOR(s) John G. Ulrich		6. PERFORMING ORG. REPORT NUMBER N/A
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME AND ADDRESS Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic/Topographic Center Washington, D.C. 20315		8. CONTRACT OR GRANT NUMBER(s) N/A
9. CONTROLLING OFFICE NAME AND ADDRESS DMA Hydrographic/Topographic Center ATTN: PPTD (Tech. Pubs.) Washington, D.C. 20315		10. PROGRAM ELEMENT, PROJECT, TASK AREA & WORK UNIT NUMBERS N/A
11. MONITORING AGENCY NAME & ADDRESS (if different from Controlling Office) 12/22/		12. REPORT DATE 23-25 September 1980
		13. NUMBER OF PAGES 18
		14. SECURITY CLASS. (of this report) UNCLASSIFIED
		15a. DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE

## 16. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of this Report)

Approved for public release; distribution unlimited.

## 17. DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT (of the abstract entered in Block 20, if different from Report)

## 18. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

## 19. KEY WORDS (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

Mercator computation  
Great Circle computation

## 20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block number)

The Navigation Department, Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic/Topographic Center (DMAHTC) has developed a calculator program, self-contained on one magnetic card, which automatically determines course, distance, and total run in Mercator and Great Circle Sailings. This program will list Great Circle positions every 10° of longitude and then print course and distance for each leg. Labels designating latitudes and longitudes, and program sections are also shown. The entire program is controlled by six label keys and can be shifted

DD FORM 1 JAN 73 1473

EDITION OF 1 NOV 65 IS OBSOLETE

UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE (When Data Entered)

DDG FILE COPY.

ADA 085452

408839

over  
JOB

UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered)

20. ABSTRACT (continued)

between Mercator and Great Circle at will. It is prepared on a programmable TI-59 with Marine Navigation Module software and printer capability. The program is in use at DMAHTC for compiling distance tables, and navigational publications and answering public inquiries.

The following data are incorporated in this article: General Information, Mercator Computation, Great Circle Computation, Great Circle Positions, Great Circle Course Computation, Program Data, and Special Considerations.

UNCLASSIFIED

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE(When Data Entered)

TOP FILE COPY

# A CALCULATOR PROGRAM FOR MIXING MERCATOR AND GREAT CIRCLE SAILINGS

John G. Ulrich  
Sailing Directions Branch  
Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic/Topographic Center

**DTIC**  
**ELECTE**  
JUN 16 1980  
**A**

Accession For	
NTIS G.A.I.	<input checked="checked" type="checkbox"/>
DDC TAB	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unannounced	<input type="checkbox"/>
Justification	
By _____	
Distribution/ _____	
Availability Codes	
Dist	Avail and/or special
A	

Submitted to  
First International Symposium on Ship Operations

New York City, New York  
23-25 September 1980

**DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A**  
Approved for public release;  
Distribution Unlimited

80 6 13 0 48

**A CALCULATOR PROGRAM  
FOR MIXING MERCATOR AND GREAT  
CIRCLE SAILINGS**

**John G. Ulrich  
Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic/Topographic Center**

**BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH**

The author graduated from Kings Point in 1951, sailed as 2nd and 3rd Mate from 1951 to 1955, and served in the U.S. Navy as navigator from 1955 to 1957. He was employed by the U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office from 1964 to 1972, the Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic Center from 1972 to 1978, and presently is a Marine Information Specialist in the Navigation Publications Division, Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic/Topographic Center.

**ABSTRACT**

The Navigation Department, Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic/Topographic Center (DMAHTC) has developed a calculator program, self-contained on one magnetic card, which automatically determines course, distance, and total run in Mercator and Great Circle Sailings. This program will list Great Circle positions every  $10^{\circ}$  of longitude and then print course and distance of each leg. Labels designating latitudes and longitudes, and program sections are also shown. The entire program is controlled by six label keys and can be shifted between Mercator and Great Circle at will. It is prepared on a programmable TI-59 with Marine Navigation Module software and printer capability. The program is in use at DMAHTC for compiling distance tables, and navigational publications and answering public inquiries.

The following data are incorporated in this article: General Information, Mercator Computation, Great Circle Computation, Great Circle Positions, Great Circle Course Computation, Program Data, and Special Considerations.

## A CALCULATOR PROGRAM FOR MIXING MERCATOR AND GREAT CIRCLE SAILINGS

### Introduction

The program was developed in the Navigation Department of the Defense Mapping Agency Hydrographic/Topographic Center for computing distances and Great Circle tracks. It is suitable for programmable calculators with Marine Navigation Module software and printer capability, and will provide Mercator harbor and coastal courses and distances; Great Circle positions, courses, and distances; and total runs from dock to dock. It can be used for any individual sequence or with any combination of Mercator and Great Circle Sailings.

### General Information

The overall program was designed on a TI-59 calculator\* (See Fig. 1) with parts of Program 11 (Mercator) and Program 26 (Great Circle), either downloaded and adjusted, or ordered directly from the Marine Navigation Module. With it, the user has the convenience and accuracy of using the module without pressing numerous keys and without reloading repetitive positions. When using the module directly, operators have frequently reloaded such positions incorrectly and have also over-

---

\*Any mention herein of a commercial product does not constitute endorsement by the U.S. Government.

run the calculator's computations before it was ready for additional information. With the designed program, after the initial entering of the first position, the calculator is controlled by one or two basic label keys per program section, making it considerably easier to call the correct sequence. All latitudes are parked on the T-register key and all longitudes are situated in the display before initiation of the Sailing sequence. There are 461 locations in the program. Initial programing requires about 1 hour; however, once on a magnetic card, loading requires only 10 to 15 seconds.

All positions are keyed: degrees, decimal (.), minutes, and seconds.

Thus, 39°02'N is 39.02

39°02'11"N is 39.0211

39°N is 39 (decimal inferred)

N and W are + (inferred)

S and E are - (+/-key)

Thus, 39.02 +/- displays as -39.02

### Mercator

Label keys A' and A are used in the Mercator sequence. A' is used for initiation and only used once; all further positions go directly to A. The last position is repeated for continuity of the program; this is an automatic A' return. The Mercator sequence is normally run in degrees and minutes; seconds may be added if more accuracy is desired.

Bottom of first line

Bottom of running head and page no.

Bottom of page



**Example:**

1st	40°42'N	2nd	40°33'N.
Posit	74°02'W	Posit	74°02'W.
3rd	40°30'N	4th	40°27'N.
Posit	73°58'W	Posit	73°43'W.

**Key as follows:**

1st      40.42                      Press x = t  
 Posit   74.02 in display Press 2nd A  
          40.4200 LAT1                      (PRINTED)  
          74.0200 LO1

2nd      40.33                      Press x = t  
 Posit   74.02 in display Press A  
  
          40.3300 LAT2  
          74.0200 LO2  
          180.00 CO  
          9.00 MI                      (PRINTED)  
          9.00 TOT  
          40.3300 LAT1  
          74.0200 LO1

Bottom of first line

Bottom of extra line

Top of bottom folio

3rd 40.30 Press x & t

Posit 73.58 in display Press A

40.3000 LAT2

73.5800 LO2

134.62 CO

(PRINTED)

4.27 MI

13.27 TOT

40.3000 LAT1

73.5800 LO1

4th 40.27 Press x & t

Posit 73.43 in display Press A

40.2700 LAT2

73.4300 LO2

104.73 CO

11.80 MI

(PRINTED)

25.07 TOT

40.2700 LAT1

73.4300 LO1

Course and distance are therefore given for each leg and total distance is maintained throughout.

## Full Printout of Mercator Example

40.4200	LAT1
74.0200	LO1
40.3300	LAT2
74.0200	LO2

180.00	CO
9.00	MI
9.00	TOT

40.3300	LAT1
74.0200	LO1
40.3000	LAT2
73.5800	LO2

134.62	CO
4.27	MI
13.27	TOT

40.3000	LAT1
73.5800	LO1
40.2700	LAT2
73.4300	LO2

104.73	CO
11.80	MI
25.07	TOT

40.2700	LAT1
73.4300	LO1

## Great Circle

Label keys C and C' control the Great Circle sequence; C is used for the initial departure; C' is used for the arrival position. The last position of the Mercator sequence is auto-

Bottom of running head and page no.

Top of bottom folio

matically entered if the user wishes. All Great Circle positions are run in the four-digit mode but still entered in the two-digit degree, decimal (.),minute mode.

Example: New York to Capetown (See Fig. 2)

Dep: 40°27'N      Arr: 33°51'S  
73°43'W      18°15'E

40.2700 — Still in  
73.4300 calculator memory  
Press C

GRT CIRCLE

4027.00 — (PRINTED) —

7343.00

Arr: -33.51      Press x ÷ t  
-18.15 in display Press 2nd C

-3351.00

-1815.00

6751.46 (PRINTED)

6776.53 TOT

-33.5100 LAT1

-18.1500 LO1

# Full Printout of Great Circle Example

	GRT CIRCLE	
	4027.00	
	7343.00	
	3351.00	
	1815.00	
	6751.46	
	6776.53	TOT
	3351.00	ELAT
	18.1500	LOT

Button of running left and right

The figure immediately below the arrival position is the Great Circle distance; the total is the Great Circle distance added to the total of any preceding Mercator distances.

At this point the user may either return to Mercator to his final destination, to another Great Circle, or he may call for the positions on the above Great Circle example.

## Great Circle Positions

All Great Circle positions are run in even 10° of longitude in the direction the user wishes to proceed. The normal sequence is 6 positions but by pressing SBR twice, the number of Great Circle positions may be increased to 13. This may be done before doing the initial Great Circle work and will show in the display at the end of the Great Circle sequence.

Pop of bottom table

If the user has not initiated the 13-position sequence before running the Great Circle, he may do so afterwards, but before running the Great Circle positions. The number 13 will again show in the display.

The initial Great Circle position was:

40°27'N.      73°43'W.

Enter even longitude divisible by 10, the next such meridian in direction of arrival. This must show in the display. No decimal is required.

Thus: 70 in display      Press E

GRT. CIRCLE POS	
7000.0000	
3858.7344	
6000.0000	
3403.6856	
5000.0000	
2735.0067	
4000.0000	
1926.2700	
3000.0000	
947.7389	
2000.0000	
-44.1478	

1000.0000  
-1111.7944

0.0000  
-2039.4789

-1000.0000  
-2834.5289

-2000.0000  
-3449.6789

-3000.0000  
-3932.7567

-4000.0000  
-4256.3633

-5000.0000  
-4512.1978

-33.5100 LAT1  
-18.1500 LQ1

The last <sup>four</sup>~~three~~ positions are beyond the arrival position but still part of the same Great Circle. As can be seen, the longitude is on top and the latitude on the bottom. The four decimal places are for accuracy; all numbers to the right of the decimal are decimal minute. Therefore, 3858.7344 is read as 38°58.73'N.

### Great Circle Courses

The calculator will recall each of the Great Circle positions and automatically print out the Mercator course and distance for each leg. The total distance is reset to 0 for these calculations and not added to the original totals. These courses are called by D' (2nd D). No other input is required.

Press 2nd D

### Partial Run of Great Circle Courses

#### GRT CIRCLE CO

40.2700	LAT1
73.4300	LD1
38.5844	LAT2
70.0000	LD2

117.23	CO
192.91	MI
192.91	TOT

38.5844	LAT1
70.0000	LD1
34.0341	LAT2
60.0000	LD2

121.48	CO
565.03	MI
757.94	TOT



34.0341	LAT1
60.0000	LO1
27.3500	LAT2
50.0000	LO2

127.05	CO
--------	----

645.04	MI
--------	----

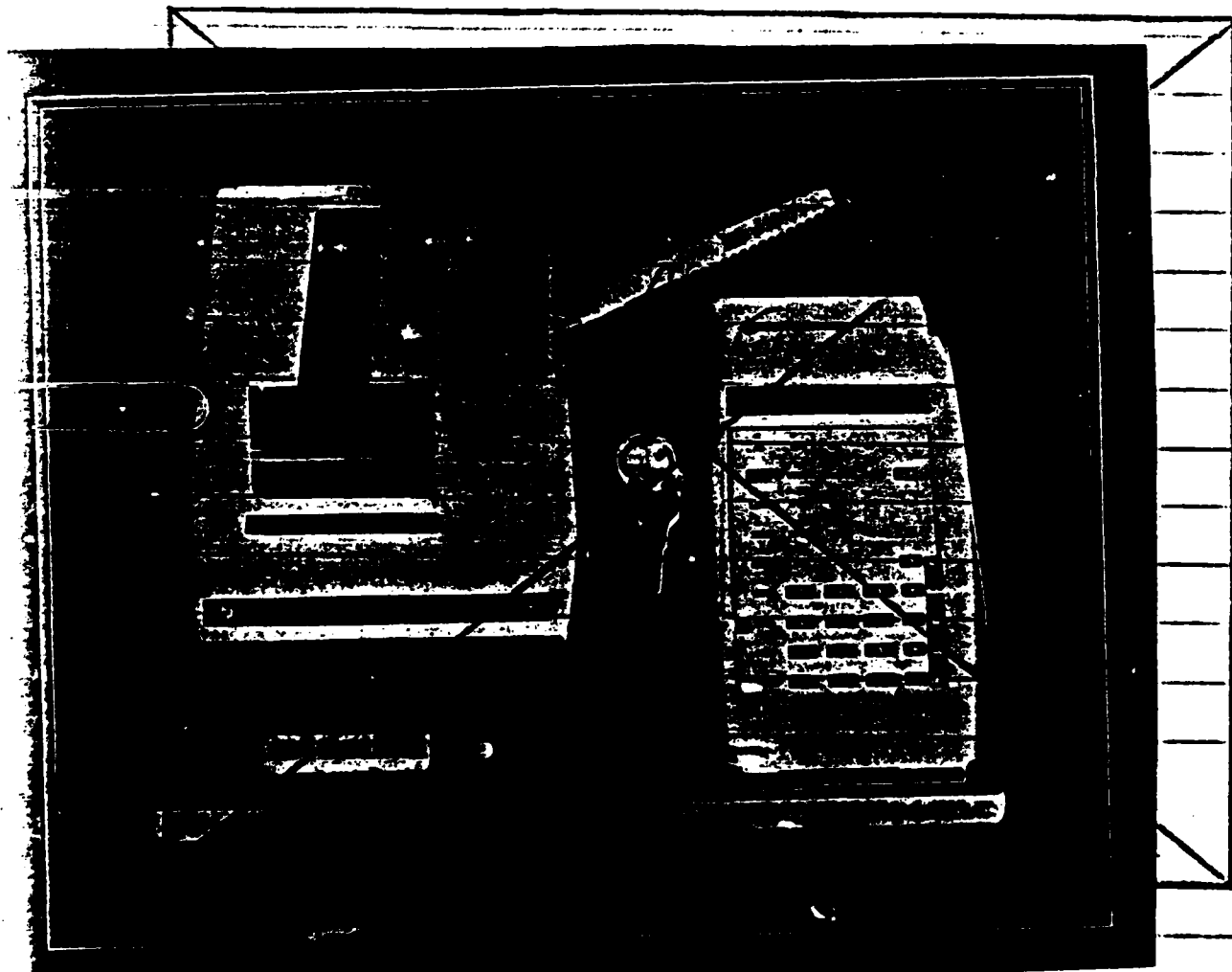
1402.93	TDI
---------	-----

27.3500	LAT1
---------	------

50.0000	LO1
---------	-----

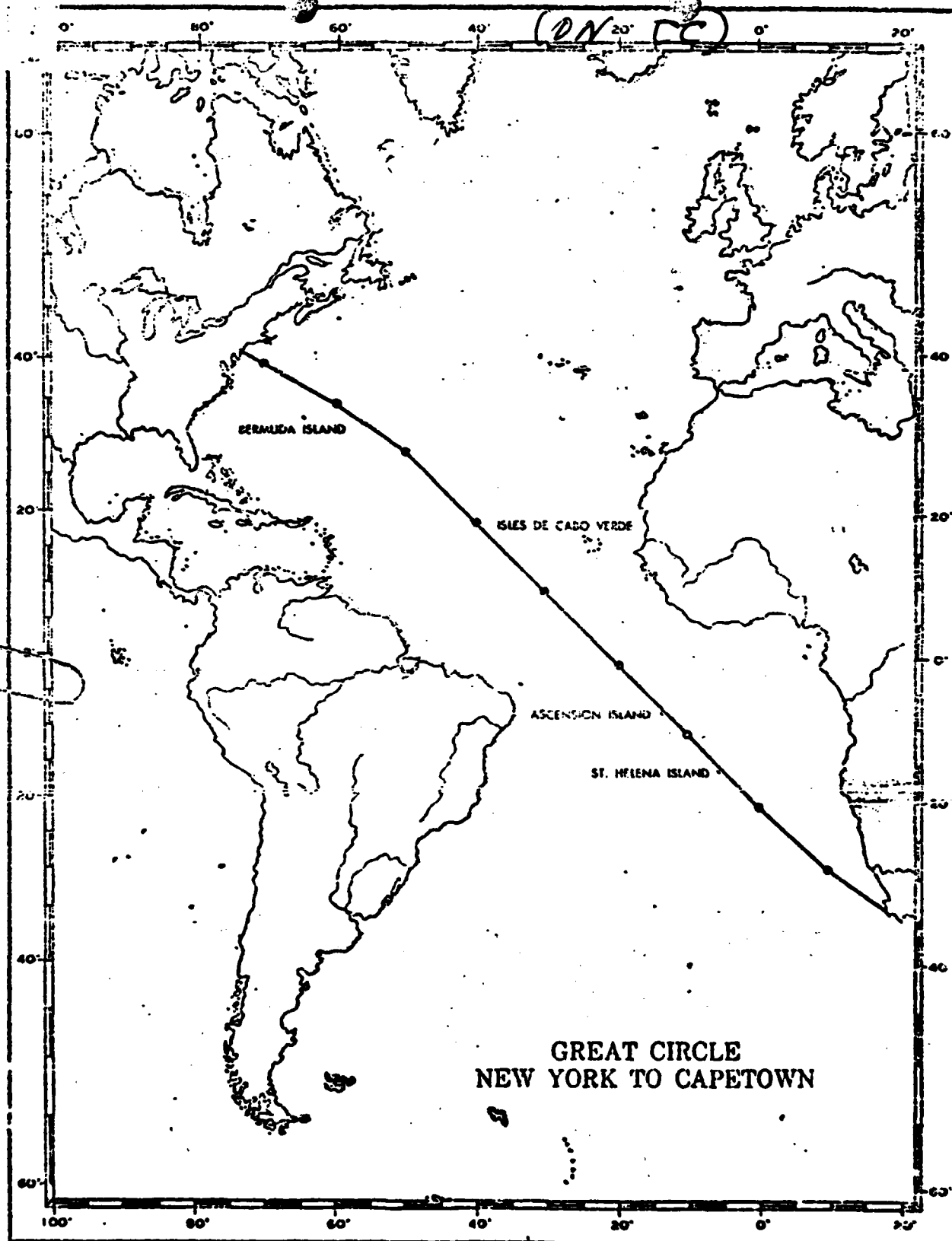
THIS PAGE IS BEST QUALITY PRACTICABLE  
FROM COPY FURNISHED TO DDC

Fig. 1. A Programmable Calculator



Bottom of extreme last line

FIG 2 CHART OF GREAT CIRCLE TRACK



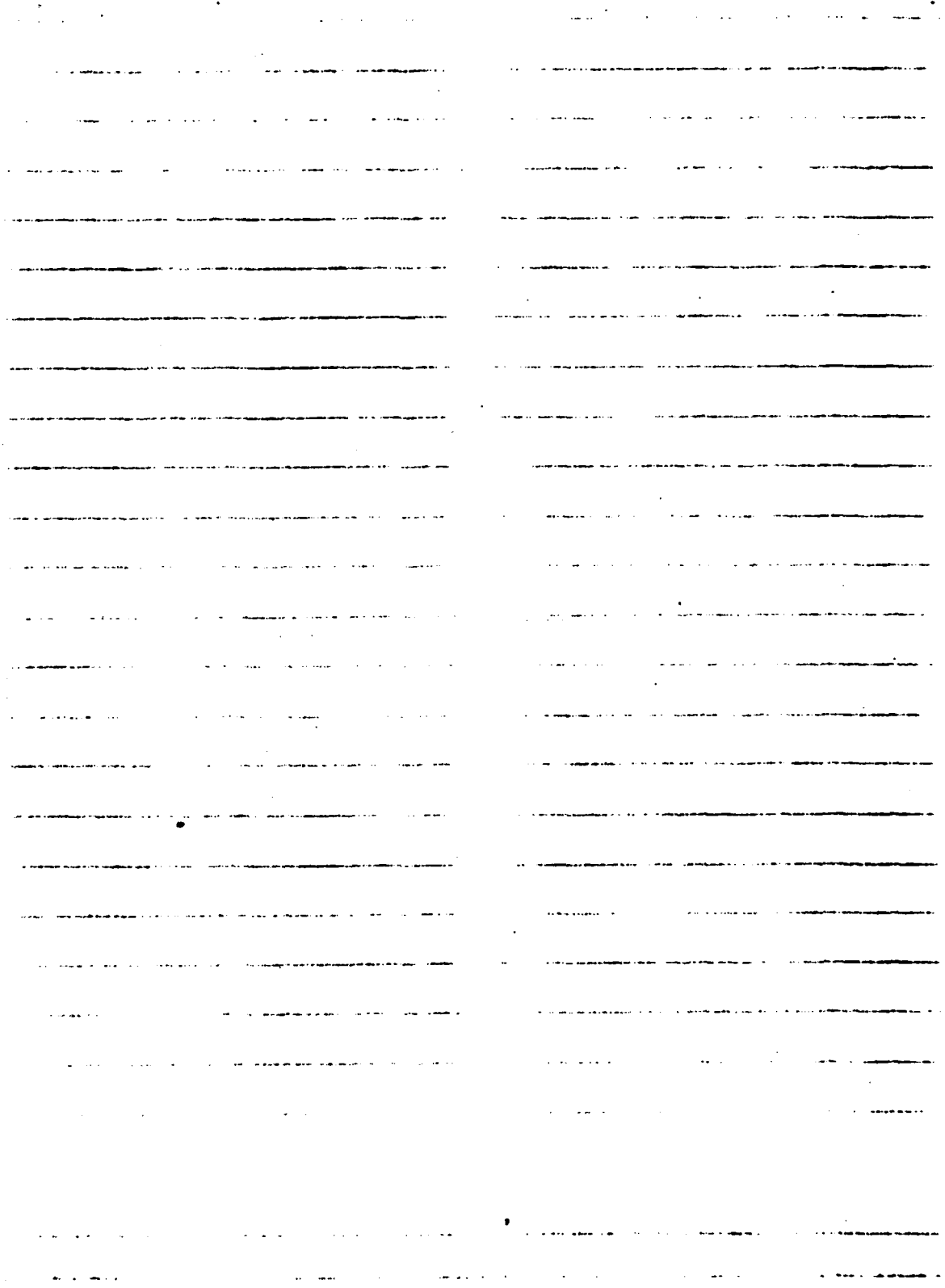
GREAT CIRCLE  
NEW YORK TO CAPETOWN

THIS PAGE IS BEST QUALITY PRACTICABLE  
FROM COPY FURNISHED TO DDC

G.E. Hyson

2EABB 0523

Fig. 2. Chart of Great Circle Track



Station of first fix  
Bottom of running beam and plot

Top or bottom table

THIS PAGE IS BEST QUALITY PRACTICABLE  
FROM COPY FURNISHED TO DDC

## Program Data

000	76	LBL	045	69	DP	090	02	02
001	16	A'	046	06	06	091	43	RCL
002	98	ADV	047	22	INV	092	18	18
003	98	ADV	048	58	FIX	093	22	INV
004	32	XIT	049	92	RTN	094	27	GE
005	22	INV	050	76	LBL	095	17	B'
006	58	FIX	051	11	A	096	62	GTO
007	42	STD	052	32	XIT	097	01	01
008	04	04	053	42	STD	098	07	07
009	88	DMS	054	04	04	099	92	RTN
010	42	STD	055	42	STD	100	76	LBL
011	02	02	056	24	24	101	17	B'
012	02	2	057	88	DMS	102	85	+
013	07	7	058	42	STD	103	03	3
014	01	1	059	21	21	104	06	6
015	03	3	060	02	2	105	00	0
016	03	3	061	07	7	106	95	=
017	07	7	062	01	1	107	98	ADV
018	00	0	063	03	3	108	42	STD
019	02	2	064	03	3	109	18	18
020	71	SBR	065	07	7	110	01	1
021	52	EE	066	00	0	111	05	5
022	32	XIT	067	03	3	112	03	3
023	42	STD	068	71	SBR	113	02	2
024	04	04	069	52	EE	114	69	DP
025	88	DMS	070	32	XIT	115	04	04
026	42	STD	071	42	STD	116	43	RCL
027	03	03	072	04	04	117	18	18
028	02	2	073	42	STD	118	69	DP
029	07	7	074	25	25	119	06	06
030	03	3	075	88	DMS	120	03	3
031	02	2	076	42	STD	121	00	0
032	00	0	077	22	22	122	02	2
033	02	2	078	02	2	123	04	4
034	71	SBR	079	07	7	124	69	DP
035	52	EE	080	03	3	125	04	04
036	92	RTN	081	02	2	126	43	RCL
037	76	LBL	082	00	0	127	15	15
038	52	EE	083	03	3	128	69	DP
039	69	DP	084	71	SBR	129	06	06
040	04	04	085	52	EE	130	71	SBR
041	43	RCL	086	36	PGM	131	68	NDP
042	04	04	087	11	11	132	43	RCL
043	58	FIX	088	13	C	133	24	24
044	04	04	089	58	FIX	134	32	XIT

## Program Data

135	43	RCL	180	26	26	225	36	PGM
136	25	25	181	12	B	226	26	26
137	61	GTO	182	92	RTN	227	14	D
138	16	A	183	76	LBL	228	71	SBR
139	76	LBL	184	43	RCL	229	68	NOP
140	68	NOP	185	69	OP	230	10	E
141	44	SUM	186	00	00	231	76	LBL
142	27	27	187	02	2	232	14	D
143	03	3	188	02	2	233	03	3
144	02	2	189	03	3	234	01	1
145	03	3	190	05	5	235	42	STD
146	02	2	191	03	3	236	17	17
147	03	3	192	07	7	237	04	4
148	07	7	193	00	0	238	05	5
149	69	OP	194	00	0	239	42	STD
150	04	04	195	01	1	240	23	23
151	43	RCL	196	05	5	241	02	2
152	27	27	197	69	OP	242	42	STD
153	69	OP	198	02	02	243	08	08
154	06	06	199	02	2	244	01	1
155	92	RTN	200	04	4	245	04	4
156	76	LBL	201	03	3	246	42	STD
157	13	C	202	05	5	247	09	09
158	98	ADV	203	01	1	248	87	IFF
159	98	ADV	204	05	5	249	01	01
160	42	STD	205	02	2	250	02	02
161	45	45	206	07	7	251	55	55
162	32	XIT	207	01	1	252	07	7
163	42	STD	208	07	7	253	42	STD
164	31	31	209	69	OP	254	09	09
165	32	XIT	210	03	03	255	75	-
166	71	SBR	211	92	RTN	256	01	1
167	43	RCL	212	76	LBL	257	95	=
168	69	OP	213	18	C	258	92	RTN
169	05	05	214	42	STD	259	76	LBL
170	58	FIX	215	29	29	260	12	B
171	02	02	216	32	XIT	261	32	XIT
172	43	RCL	217	42	STD	262	65	X
173	45	45	218	30	30	263	01	1
174	12	B	219	32	XIT	264	00	0
175	36	PGM	220	12	B	265	00	0
176	26	26	221	36	PGM	266	95	=
177	11	A	222	26	26	267	88	DMS
178	12	B	223	13	C	268	92	RTN
179	36	PGM	224	12	B	269	76	LBL

## Program Data

270	15	E	315	69	DP	360	95	=
271	42	STD	316	05	05	361	32	X:T
272	12	12	317	58	FIX	362	01	1
273	97	DSZ	318	04	04	363	08	8
274	09	09	319	98	ADV	364	00	0
275	02	02	320	43	RCL	365	67	EQ
276	82	82	321	12	12	366	03	03
277	87	IFF	322	72	ST*	367	75	75
278	02	02	323	23	23	368	94	+/-
279	19	D*	324	32	X:T	369	67	EQ
280	61	GTD	325	12	B	370	03	03
281	10	E*	326	36	PGM	371	75	75
282	01	1	327	26	26	372	32	X:T
283	44	SUM	328	15	E	373	61	GTD
284	17	17	329	22	INV	374	15	E
285	01	1	330	88	DMS	375	86	STF
286	44	SUM	331	55	+	376	04	04
287	23	23	332	01	1	377	32	X:T
288	97	DSZ	333	00	0	378	94	+/-
289	08	08	334	00	0	379	61	GTD
290	02	02	335	95	=	380	15	E
291	95	95	336	72	ST*	381	76	LBL
292	61	GTD	337	17	17	382	10	E*
293	03	03	338	43	RCL	383	43	RCL
294	20	20	339	01	01	384	30	30
295	22	INV	340	32	X:T	385	32	X:T
296	86	STF	341	43	RCL	386	43	RCL
297	04	04	342	12	12	387	29	29
298	22	INV	343	77	GE	388	61	GTD
299	86	STF	344	03	03	389	16	A*
300	03	03	345	52	52	390	76	LBL
301	98	ADV	346	87	IFF	391	19	D*
302	98	ADV	347	04	04	392	98	ADV
303	58	FIX	348	03	03	393	98	ADV
304	02	02	349	52	52	394	14	D
305	71	SBR	350	86	STF	395	58	FIX
306	43	RCL	351	03	03	396	04	04
307	03	3	352	75	-	397	71	SBR
308	03	3	353	01	1	398	43	RCL
309	03	3	354	00	0	399	01	1
310	02	2	355	87	IFF	400	05	5
311	03	3	356	03	03	401	03	3
312	06	6	357	03	03	402	02	2
313	69	DP	358	60	60	403	69	DP
314	04	04	359	94	+/-	404	04	04

## Program Data

405	69	OP	424	61	GTO	443	10	E'
406	05	05	425	04	04	444	92	RTN
407	43	RCL	426	29	29	445	76	LBL
408	27	27	427	71	SBR	446	44	SUM
409	42	STO	428	44	SUM	447	61	GTO
410	28	28	429	01	L	448	00	00
411	00	0	430	44	SUM	449	03	03
412	42	STO	431	17	17	450	92	RTN
413	27	27	432	01	1	451	76	LBL
414	73	RC*	433	44	SUM	452	71	SBR
415	17	17	434	23	23	453	86	STF
416	32	XIT	435	97	DSZ	454	01	01
417	73	RC*	436	09	09	455	14	D
418	23	23	437	04	04	456	92	RTN
419	97	DSZ	438	14	14	457	76	LBL
420	08	08	439	43	RCL	458	61	GTO
421	04	04	440	28	28	459	86	STF
422	27	27	441	42	STO	460	02	02
423	11	A	442	27	27	461	92	RTN

## Special Considerations

1. The run-stop (R/S) key will stop the program if held down for a few seconds.
2. Fifty-four memories are used in the program. The memories used for the totals (TOT) are memory 27 and memory 28. If an incorrect position is entered on A or C' the R/S key should be pressed before the computations are run to save the total memory. The calculator can then be restarted as necessary at A or C'.

3. The Great Circle positions (GCP's) run on Label E are based on the Great Circle memories and, when required, should be run immediately after the Great Circle sequence.
4. Label D may be pressed at any time between sequences to check the number of GCP's calculator is set to run.
5. If an incorrect longitude is entered on E, press R/S until program stops, then press D, enter the correct longitude, and press E.
6. The automatic sequence of Mercator for the Great Circle courses may be made to automatically follow the GCP's by pressing SBR GTO before pressing E. The user may then disregard the calculator for several minutes.
7. The GCP's run on E will cross the 180° meridian with no adjustment, provided 180 is printed in the sequence.
8. The normal six (6) GCP run can be reset at location 252 to any number between 2 and 9.
9. The 10° differential on the GCP run can be reset at location 353. It must be in a two digit form such as 05, 10, or 20.



10. If the user wishes to stop the program run on E (GCP's), E' (2nd E) will recall the last position for re-entering to Great Circle or Mercator. This is not necessary if the GCP's are run to completion.
11. When sequencing Great Circles, it is necessary to recall the last position (arrival) for the new departure. As above, press E' then C, etc.
12. If a full run on D' (GC CO's) is not anticipated, run D' last, after the final Mercator runs, so as not to lose the primary total memory. If all GC courses are run the memories will automatically transfer.
13. When the user intends to start an entirely new Mercator and/or Great Circle sequence, without reloading, the CM's key should be pressed to clear the total memories.
14. The program automatically changes decimal minutes in the Great Circle sequences to seconds of arc in the Mercator sequence, and seconds to decimal minutes in the reverse.

DATE  
FILMED  
— 8